SFSL Internship Exit Presentation

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Internship Outline

10 Week Internship to support the SFSL



ISS:

- Develop a versatile dairy sauce that can become a base for multiple dairy-based freeze dried food applications
 - The complex must rehydrate easily in warm water and result in a creamy mouth feel
 - Final demonstration of the complex should be performed in at least 2 freeze dried products

AFT:

- Conduct a literature review on the bioavailability of Vitamin A, K, B5, B6, B7, B9, B12, Potassium, Selenium, Zinc, Manganese, Copper, Iron
 - Review current scientific literature on bioavailability of nutrients and how they are affected by form, ingredient interactions and processing conditions
 - Characterize the conditions that reduce or improve bioavailability of nutrients for future food development

ISS Project Background

- A reformulation to reduce sodium has led to rehydration issues with cream of mushroom soup
- The cream base of the beef stroganoff had room for improvement
- Dairy based sauces are missing from the current menu



Project Timeline

STARCH FUNCTIONALITY- 4 weeks

Literature Review

Experimental Designs



Bench Top & Scaled Up Trials

Tastings and Food Sessions



Micro Testing & Sensory Panel

Analytical Testing & Documentation

Starch Functionality

• 25 starches were screened as a dairy based roux

- Rehydratability- NO Clumps!
- Flavor
- Color
- Texture



Starch Functionality

- Focused initially on commercial ingredients then widened to industrial ingredients
- Ingredient interactions were also screened based on literature review learnings
 - Impact of protein
 - Impact of form: solid brick vs powdered
 - Impact of hydrocolloids and dispersants

Initial screening of starches found at HEB

| Starch Functionality | Color | Flavor | Rehydration | Texture | Proceed |
|----------------------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|---------|
| AP Flour | | | | | |
| Bread Flour | | | | | |
| Tapioca Starch | | | | | |
| Potato Flour | | | | | |
| Flour + Whey Protein | | | | | |
| Garbanzo Bean Flour | | | | | |
| Corn Starch | | | | | |
| Potato Starch | | | | | |



- Screening of additional store purchased starches
- Reduction of fat
- Further understanding of native tapioca processing limitations >155 F= gelatinization

| Starch Functionality | Color | Flavor | Rehydration | Texture | Proceed |
|-------------------------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|----------|
| Wondra Thick | | | | | |
| Wondra Thin | | | | | \ |
| Wondra Roux | | | | | |
| Tapioca Starch | | | | | |
| White Rice Flour | | | | | |
| National 465 - Mod Corn | | | | | |



- Screening of commercial starches from Ingredion
- Refinement of processing parameters and hydration rates
- Food showing to gather feedback on next steps: Optimize with Ultra Sperse M

| Starch Functionality | Color | Flavor | Rehydration | Texture | Proceed | |
|----------------------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|---------|--|
| Ultra Sperse M -Cold | | | | | | |
| Tapioca Starch - BRM | | | | Gritty | | |
| Ultra Sperse M - Hot | | | | | | |
| Ultra Sperse 3 | | | | | | |
| Wondra Thin | | | | | | |

Focused on one starch base: Ultra Sperse M (Modified Corn Starch)

Investigated the impact of the addition of hydrocolloids

Investigated the feasibility and impact of pulverizing dry soup prior to

packaging to reduce clumping

| Starch Functionality | Color | Flavor | Rehydration | Texture | Proceed |
|------------------------------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|---------|
| Ultra Sperse M - Skim | | | | | |
| Ultra Sperse M - Mootopia | | | | | |
| Novation 3600 | | | | | |
| Ultra Sperse M - MD2 Malto | | | | | 4/ |
| Ultra Sperse M - CA1 Malto | | | | | |
| Ultra Sperse M - HPMC | | | | | |
| Ultra Sperse M - Carrageenan | | | | | |
| Ultra Sperse M - Xanthan | | | | | |
| Ultra Sperse M - Gellan | | | | | |
| Ultra Sperse M - Cellulose | | | | | |





Starch Functionality: Overall findings

- Addition of protein did not positively impact hydratability
- Impact of pulverization did not provide enough improvement to offset the added complexity and risk
- Addition of maltodextrin improved the overall texture and rehydratability of the sauce
- Of store purchased starches, tapioca is the best for this application although industrial starches are more robust and provide better texture

FORMULA DEVELOPMENT

- Incorporated the dairy base into 3 freeze dried meals
 - Cream of Mushroom Soup
 - Beef Stroganoff
 - Angel Hair Alfredo







Formula Development

- Participated in Food Sessions, Bonus Sessions and Debriefs
 - Flavor and texture profile of current ISS menu
 - Hydration and serving constraints of Zero gravity
 - Flavor profiles that the astronauts like
 - Opportunities to improve perceived flavor with low sodium items (spice/pepper/ garlic)



https://twitter.com/Astro_Sabot

Cream of Mushroom Soup Development Goals

Increase flavor intensity without added sodium or replacers

- Shift to a white pepper spice profile
- Increase the mushroom intensity
- Added mushroom concentrate for added umami without sodium

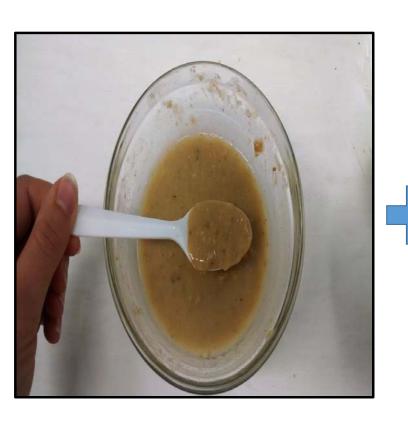
• Improve the texture

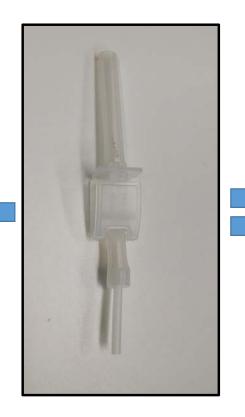
- Increase rehydratability of the base
- Investigate modifications of both form and formulation
- Look to increase the viscosity enough to allow it to be spoonable out of an EDO vs. sipped through a straw

Soup Trial 1



Soup Viscosity





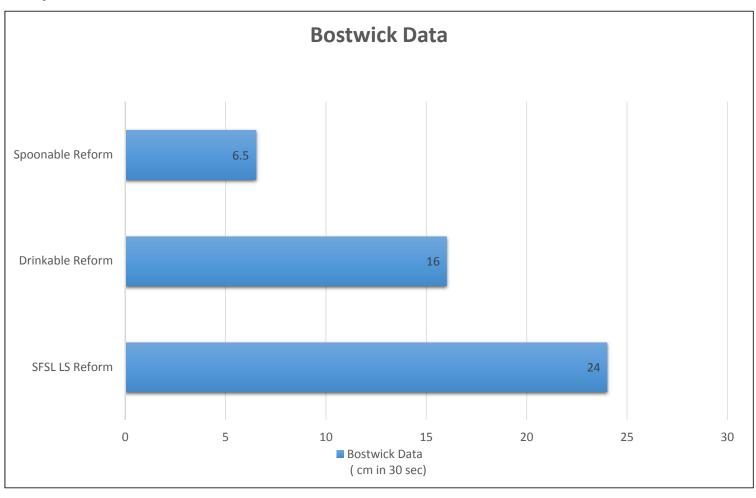


Increasing viscosity





Viscosity Data



Cream of Mushroom Nutrition

Nutrition Facts Serving Size (202g) Servings Per Container Amount Per Serving Calories 110 Calories from Fat 40 % Daily Value* Total Fat 4.5g Saturated Fat 3g 15% Trans Fat 0g Cholesterol 15mg 5% 4% Sodium 100mg Total Carbohydrate 13g 4% Dietary Fiber 0g Sugars 6g Protein 4g Vitamin A 8% Vitamin C 2% Calcium 10% Iron 2% *Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet. Your daily values may be higher or lower depending on your calorie needs: Calories: 2,000 Less than Saturated Fat Less than 20g Cholesterol Less than 300mg Sodium Less than 2,400mg 2,400mg Total Carbohydrate 300g 375g Dietary Fiber 30g Calories per gram: Fat 9 · Carbohydrate 4 · Protein 4

Water– 53%
Half & Half- 32%
Mushroom- 6%
Butter 3%
Flour- 3%
Mushroom Base- 3%

| Nutri Serving Size Servings Per | (220 |)g) | | ·a | cts |
|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------|---|
| Amount Per Ser | | tun | | | |
| Calories 180 |) | Cal | lories | fron | n Fat 9 |
| | | | | % Da | ily Value |
| Total Fat 10g | g | | | | 15% |
| Saturated I | Fat 7 | g | | | 35% |
| Trans Fat (|)g | | | | |
| Cholesterol | 30m | g | | | 10% |
| Sodium 160 | mg | | | | 7% |
| Total Carbol | hydra | ate | 16g | | 5% |
| Dietary Fib | er 1g | | | | 4% |
| Sugars 5g | | | | | |
| Protein 2g | | | | | |
| Vitamin A 8% | | | Vitan | nin C | 2 8% |
| Calcium 4% | | • | Iron | 0% | |
| *Percent Daily Va diet. Your daily va depending on you | alues m | nay t rie n | e high | er or l | |
| Total Fat Saturated Fat Cholesterol Sodium Total Carbohydra Dietary Fiber Calories per gran | Less t Less t Less t Less t | than than than | 65g 20g 300r | ng 0mg | 80g 25g 300mg 2,400mg 375g 30g |

Puréed Mushrooms- 36% Vegetable broth- 29% Skim milk – 14% Onions- 8% Butter- 6% Thickeners- 4% Mushroom Base- 2% Spices- 1%

ORIGINAL SFSL FORMULA

REFORMULATION

Cream of Mushroom Soup Next Steps

| Task | Accomplished | Outstanding |
|---------------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| Formula Development | | |
| Nutrition Panel Creation | | |
| Scaled Up Trial | | |
| Draft Specification | | |
| Sensory Testing | | |
| Formula Optimization | | * |

Beef Stroganoff Development Goals

Increase flavor intensity without added sodium or replacers

- Shift to a more complex spice profile
- Increase the dairy profile
- Add mushroom concentrate for added umami without sodium

• Improve the texture and satiety

- Increase rehydratability of the base
- Look to improve the creamy texture of the sauce
- Proof of process of dairy base for multiple formulations

Beef Stroganoff Nutrition



Beef– 26%
Beef Broth -24%
Kluski Noodles- 20%
Onions- 12%
Sliced Mushrooms- 7%
Sour Cream-5%
Unbleached Flour- 3%
Butter- 2%
Oil and Spices- 1%
• Salt
• Black Pepper

| Nutrition Serving Size (135g) Servings Per Contained | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Amount Per Serving | | | | | |
| Calories 160 Calo | ries from Fat 50 | | | | |
| | % Daily Value* | | | | |
| Total Fat 5g | 8% | | | | |
| Saturated Fat 3g | 15% | | | | |
| Trans Fat 0g | | | | | |
| Cholesterel 35mg | 12% | | | | |
| Sodium 110mg | 5% | | | | |
| Total Carbonydrate 1 | 6g 5 % | | | | |
| Dietary Fiber 1g | 4% | | | | |
| Sugars 5g | | | | | |
| Protein 10g | | | | | |
| Vitamin A 4% • \ | /itamin C 6% | | | | |
| Calcium 6% • I | ron 6% | | | | |
| *Percent Daily Values are bas diet. Your daily values may be depending on your calorie nee Calories: | higher or lower | | | | |
| Total Fat Less than Saturated Fat Less than Cholesterol Less than Sodium Less than Total Carbohydrate Dietary Fiber Calories per gram: | 65g 80g 20g 25g 300mg 300mg 2,400mg 2,400mg 300g 375g 25g 30g | | | | |
| Fat 9 • Carbohydrate | 4 • Protein 4 | | | | |

Beef – 21%
Beef Broth -3%
Kluski Noodles- 22%
Onions- 11%
Sliced Mushrooms- 13%
Light Sour Cream-16%
Skim- 8%
Thickeners- 2%
Butter- 2%
Spices- 2%
• Mustard
• Dill
• Black and White Pepper
• Pear Vinegar
• Liquid Aminos

Garlic

CURRENT SFSL FORMULA

REFORMULATION

Sensory Results

- 35 gram sample hydrated w/ 75ml 150°F +/- 5 °F
 - Sensory score 6.03
 - SD 1.86
 - n=29



Panelist Feed Back

Beef Texture

 45% of panelists disliked the tough beef texture and issues with meat hydration

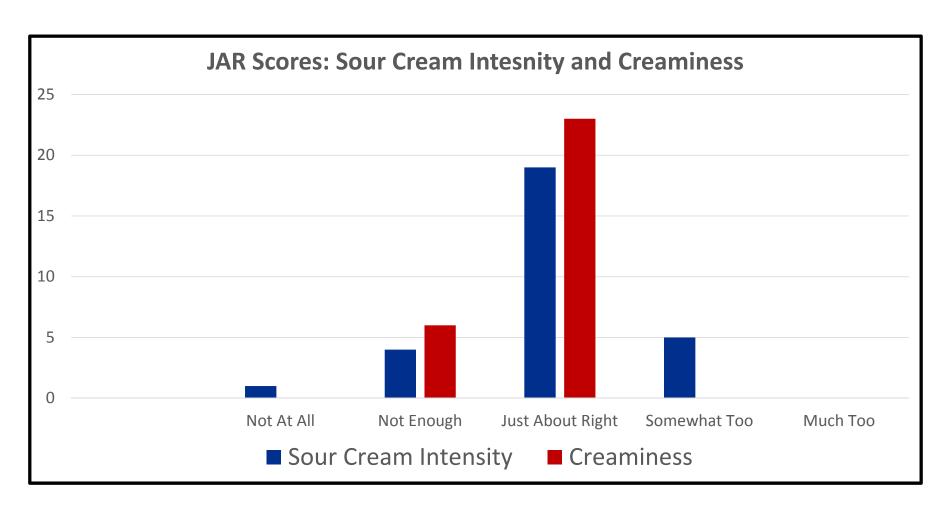
Cream Sauce

- Sauce texture and ratio was well received
- Sour Intensity seemed just about right 66%
- Creaminess seemed just about right 79%

Seasoning

- Seasoning was well received
- If changes are made increase intensity keeping similar profile

JAR Scores- n= 29



Beef Stroganoff Next Steps

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|---------------------------------|--------------|-------------|
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| Scaled Up Trial | | |
| Draft Specification | | |
| Sensory Testing | | |
| Formula Optimization | | * |

AFT Project Background

- Longer duration missions will require more nutrient dense foods
- Research conducted to optimize the bioavailability of foods to provide more efficient nutrition to future crews



- * Disruption of the food matrix
- * Fortification with synthetic vitamins
- * Reduction of oxidation
- * Mild cooking
- * Fat can help increase absorption (A&K)

- * Excessive heat treatments
- *Low Aw

Decreases Bioavailability

- * Staggered supplementation
- * pH control
- * Reduction of anti-nutrient factors (phytates/phenols)
- * Synthetic / animal sources
- * Fortification with yeast

- * High doses
- * Cooking in water
- * Fortification of multiple minerals at one meal
- * Plant sources
- * Produce grown in unfertile soils

Decreases Bioavailability

Overall recommendations to improve the nutrient density of flight food

- Identify specific meals for fortification of nutrients that benefit from the same processing parameters but do not compete for absorption
- Improve packaging to reduce oxidation risk
- Puree foods and minimize heat treatments
- Aim to provide more fortified foods
- Source produce from growing regions that produce nutrient rich foods

In Summary....

Thank you !!!



Thank you!!

